2012 DOD PROCUREMENT CONFERENCE AND TRAINING SYMPOSIUM

BETTER BUYING POWER - WE MAKE IT HAPPEN





- Highlight how contracting for FMS contributes to U.S. national security and foreign policy strategies
- Discuss the contracting officer's role in enabling the FMS process to be successful
- Challenge you to view contracting for FMS as more than ist another business

transaction





- Organizational Roles & Responsibilities
- Magnitude of FMS
- FMS Process Background
- Contracting Officer Role in Fl
 - Offer, Execution, Closure
 - FMS Customer Participation
 - Pseudo FMS / Building Partnersnip Capacity





DoD term* for all interactions was foreign defense establishment

 Build defense relationships that promote specific US security intelled

- Develop allied & friendly military capabilities for self-defense and multinational operations
- Provide US forces with peacetime and contingency <u>access</u> to a host nation.
- Foreign Military Sales (FMS) is a tool for implementing security cooperation national security strategies *Joint Pub 1-02



State Department term* for group of programs throw which the US provide

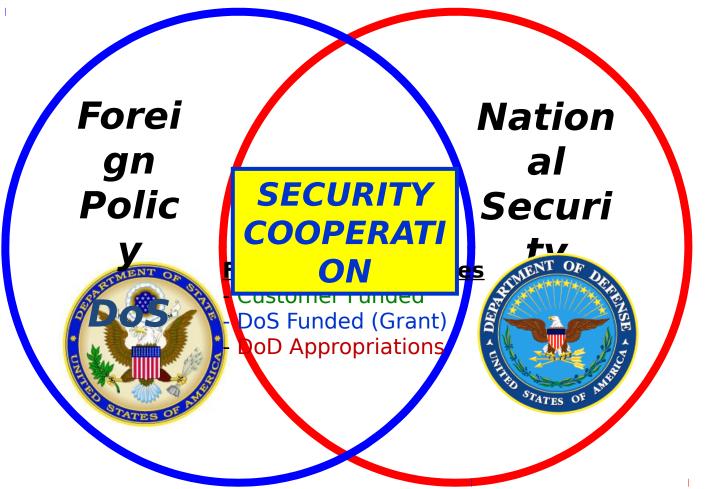


- Defense articles
- Military training
- Other defense services
- Goal: To promote national policies and objectives
- Foreign Military Sales (FMS) is a tool for implementing security assistance <u>foreign</u> <u>policy</u>

*Joint Pub 1-02



Security Cooperation





 OSD policy level agency with leadership, management, and oversight responsibility for DoD Security Cooperation (SC)program

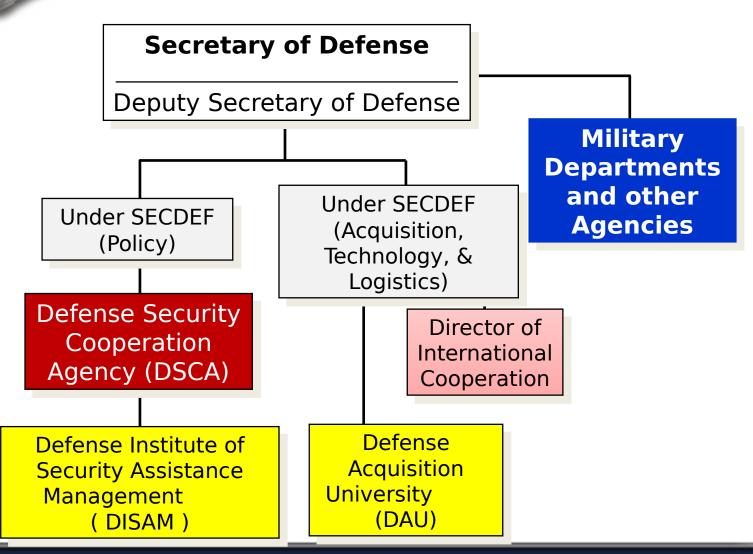
USG interagency advocate

• Issues the security Assistance Management Manual (SAMM) as SC (FMS) policy

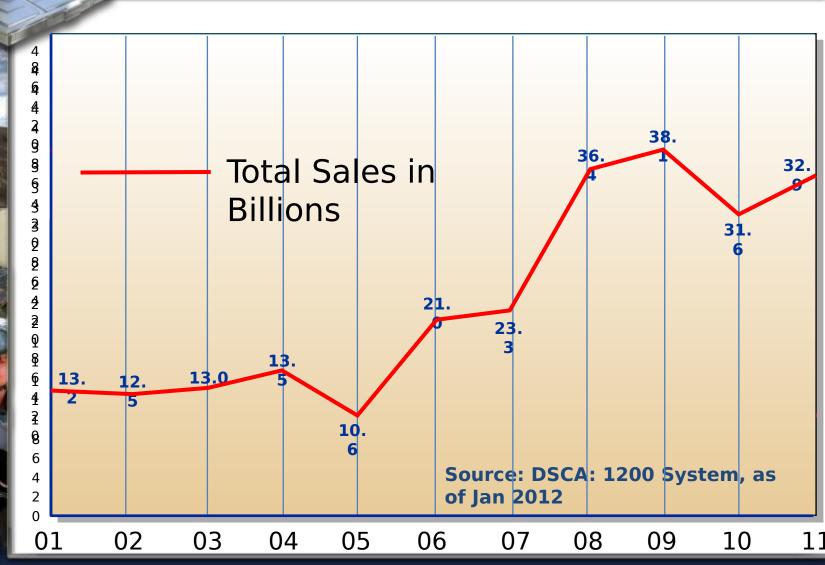
Operates a DoD schoolhouse

• DISAM—Defense Institute of Security Assistance Management





FMS Sales By Fiscal Year





If DSCA were a business, it would be a Fortune 500 Company*

	2009			2010			2011	
Fortune 500 Rank	Company	Revenues \$ Millions	Fortune 500 Rank	Company	Revenues \$ Millions	Fortune 500 Rank	Company	Revenues \$ Millions
48	Time Warner	46,984.0	61	Northrop Grumman	35,291.0	73	FedEx	34,734.0
49	Sears Holdings	46,770.0	62	Intel	35,127.0	74	Hess	34,613.0
50	Safeway	44,104.0	63	Aetna	34,764.1	75	Ingram Micro	34,589.0
51	Supervalu	44,048.0	64	New York Life Insurance	34,014.3	76	Johnson Conotrols	34,305.0
52	PepsiCo	43,251.0	65	Prudential Financial	32,688.0	77	Aetna	34,246.0
53	Kraft Foods	42,867.0	66	Caterpillar	32,396.0	78	Amazon	34,204.0
54	Lockheed Martin	42,731.0	67	Sprint Nextel	32,260.0	79	Humana	33,868.2
55	Hess	41,094.0	68	Allstate	32,013.0	80	Ent. Products Partners	33,739.3
56	Best Buy	40,023.0	69	General Dynamics	31,981.0	81	Honeywell Int.	33,370.0
57	Cisco Systems	39,540.0	70	Morgan Stanley	31,515.0	82	Libert Mutual Ins. Grp	33,193.0
FMS Case	s FMS Sales -	- 38,090.0	FMS Case			FMS Case	s FMS Sales -	32,900.0
58	Johnson Controls	38,062.0	71	Liberty Mutual Ins. Group	31,094.0	83	News Corp.	32,778.0
59	FedEx	37,953.0	72	Coca-Cola	30,990.0	84	DuPont	32,733.0
60	Walt Disney	37,843.0	73	Humana	30,960.4	85	Sprint Nextel	32,563.0
61	Intel	37,586.0	74	Honeywell Int.	30,908.0	86	General Dynamics	32,466.0
62	Sysco	37,522.1	75	Abbott Laboratories	30,764.7	87	TIAA-CREF	32,224.9
63	Honeywell International	36,556.0	76	News Corp.	30,423.0	88	Delta Airlines	31,755.0
64	Sprint Nextel	35,635.0	77	HCA	30,052.0	89	Allstate	31,400.0
65	Enterprise GP Holdings	35,469.6	78	Sunoco	29,630.0	90	HCA Holdings	30,683.0
66	GMAC	35,445.0	79	Hess	29,569.0	91	American Express	30,242.0
67	Ingram Micro	34,362.2	80	Ingram Micro	29,515.4	92	Google	29,321.0

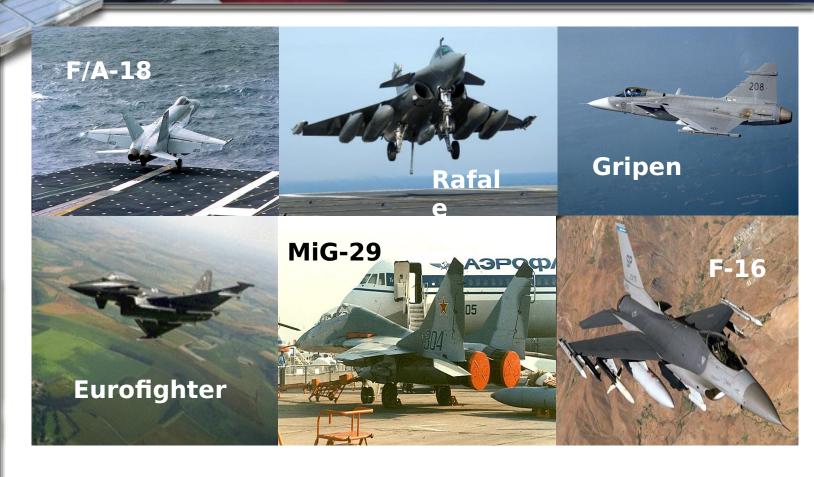
^{*} Based on Foreign Military Sales Figures for Fiscal Years 2009, 2010 and 2011. Fortune 500 Rankings retrieved from http://money.cnn.com/magazines/fortune/fortune500/2011/.

Magnitude of FMS

Implementing Agency	Number of <u>Open</u> Cases	Total Case Value (Billions)
Army	4,809	135.3
Navy	3,963	74.2
Air Force	3,394	168.4
Other Agencies	766	7.0
Total	12,932	385.0

As of 9 Mar 2012





Global Competition



SAMM C4.5.8

DoD prefers that countries friendly to the US fill defense requirements with US origin items.

- Foreign Policy
- Military Relationship
- Interoperability
- Economies of Scale
- Defense Industrial Base

FMS Benefits and Protection

SAMM C6.3.1

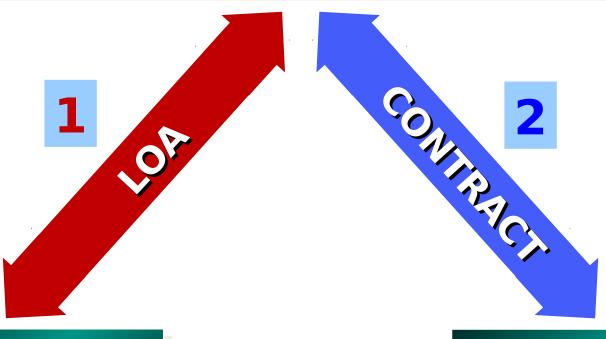
Acquisition for FMS will be in accordance with DoD regulations and procedures.

This affords the foreign purchaser the same benefits and protection that apply to DoD procurement and is one of the principal reason why foreign governments and international organizations prefer to procure through FMS channels.



FMS Relationships

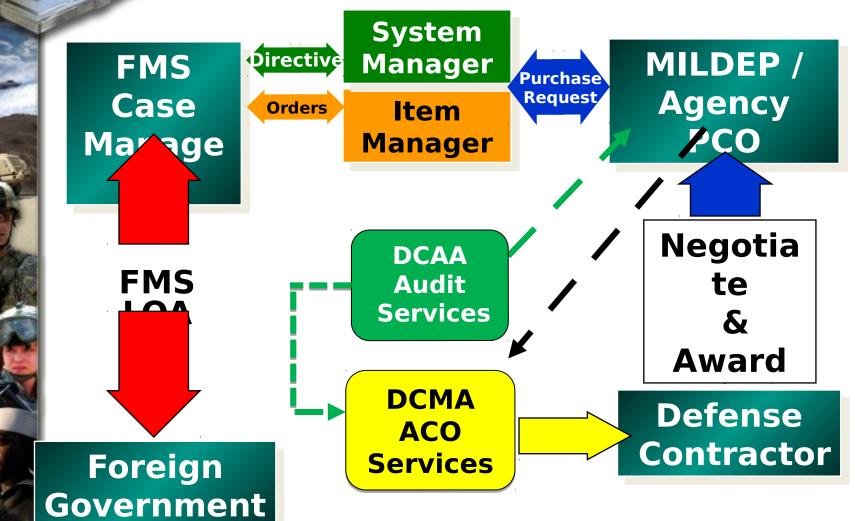
United States Government



Foreign Government

Defense Contracto r







Letter of Offer and Acceptance (LOA)



United States of America Letter of Offer and Acceptance (LOA) BN-D-YCY

ROYAL HUMDINGER II

Based on (DISAM) Government of Bandaria (GOB) letter dated (continued on page 2)

Pursuant to the Arms Export Control Act, the Government of the United States (USG) offers to sell to the Embassy of Bandaria, Office of the Air Attache, 2468 16th Street NW, Washington, DC 20009-2468, the defense articles or defense services (which may include defense design and construction services) collectively referred to as "items," set forth herein, subject to the provisions, terms, and conditions in this LOA.

This LOA is for 94 SL-HUM-120Z Humdinger Missiles, including SL-LAU-HUM-999A/A missile launchers, containers, two years initial spare parts, support (continued on page 2)

Estimated Cost: \$104,224,392 Initial Deposit: \$2,613,552

Terms of Sale:

Cash Prior to Delivery

Dependable Undertaking

Congressional Notification: 10-99

This offer expires on 30 September 2010. Unless a request for extension is made by the Purchaser and granted by the USG, the offer will terminate on the expiration date.

This LOA consists of page 1 through page 26.

The undersigned are authorized representatives of their Governments and hereby offer and accept, respectively, this LOA:

	13 Aug 2010		28 Sep 2010
US Signature	Date	Purchaser Signature	Date
CANCY Z. BUDDSON			
Typed Name and Title		Typed Name and Title	
COMMANDER, 555th INT'L (AFSAC)	GROUP		
Implementing Agency		Agency	
DSCA Reviewed/Approved	13 Aug 2	2010	
DSCA			
Information to be provided b Mark For Code_(A)_, Freight F Name and Address of the Purch	orwarder Code_(2 aser's Paying Offic	e: Embassy of Bandaria, Offi	

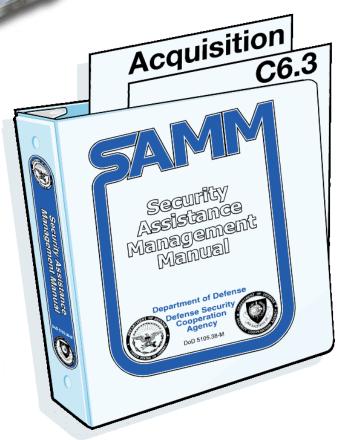


Letter of Offer and Acceptance (LOA)

Items to be Supplied (costs and months for delivery are estimates):

(1) Itm Nbr	(2) Description/Cond	dition	(3) Qty, Unit of Issue	(4) Costs (a) Unit	(b) Total	(5) SC/MOS/ TA	(6) Ofr Rel Cde	(7) Del Trm Cde
47 LAU SL-	Z 144001HUM120Z SSILE, SURFACE UNCH, HUMDINGER, HUM-120Z (DISAM)	(Y)(M)(E) (IV)	94 EA	\$837,055.00	\$78,683,170	P(1-60) TA5	X	7
Surf to A Mis	Air, Medium Range ssile (Note(s) 1, 19, 20, 23, 35)							
47 HU	Z 1440SLHUMLAUZ UNCHER, MDINGER SL-HUM- U-999A/A (DISAM)	(Y)(M)(R) (IV)	16 EA	\$38,706.23	\$619,300	P(1-36) TA5	X	7
Lau	mdinger Surface to Air uncher, SL-HUM-LAU- A/A (Note(s) 2, 21, 31,							
47 TRA	Z 692001CTM120Z SSILE, HUMDINGER, AINING, SL-CATM-120 SAM)	(S)(M)(E) (IV) Z	10 EA	\$48,884.00	\$488,840	P(1-48) TA5	X	7
Mis	mdinger Training ssile, CATM-120Z ote(s) 3, 21, 35)							

FMS Acquisition Policy



1.FAR / DFARS **Authority**

2.Cost / Pricing Data

3.Incentive Clauses

4.Sole Source Requests

5.Purchaser Involvement

6.Contract Data Requests

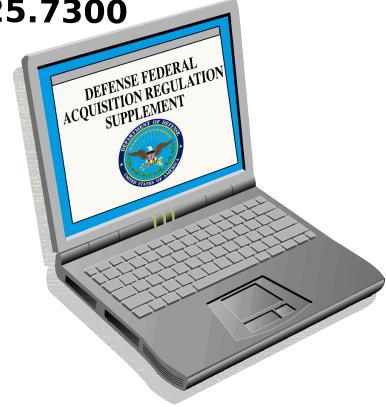
7.Contingent Fees

8.Warranties http://www.spersoll/samm/



Acquisitions for FMS Subpart 225.7300

- 7300 Scope
- 7301 General
- 7302 Guidance
- 7303 Pricing
- 7304 Customer Involvement
- 7305 Limitation of Liability
- 7306 Offsets
- 7307 Contract Clauses





Contracting Officer will assist the MILDEP responsible for preparing the LOA by—

- (1) Working with prospective contractors to-
- (i) Identify, in advance of the LOA, any unusual provisions or deviations;
- (ii) Advise the contractor if the MILDEP expand or does not accept any requirements proposed by the contractor;
- (iii) Identify any logistics support necessary to perform the contract; and
- (iv) For noncompetitive acquisitions over \$10,000, ask the prospective contractor for information on price, delivery, and other relevant factors; and





- (2) Working with the MILDEP responsible for preparing the LOA to—
 - (i) Assist, as necessary, in preparation of the LOA;
- (ii) Identify and explain all unusual contractual requirements or requests for deviations; and
 - (iii) Assist in preparing the pricavailability data.







- Total Cost
- Delivery Schedule
- Expenditure Profile
- Identify any unique issues to be ad with current

Payment Date	Quarterly	Cumulative
Initial Deposit\$	51,100,000 600,000	\$1,100,000 1,700,000
15 Sep 2012 15 Dec 2012	800,000 700,000	2,500,000 3,200,000
15 Mar 2012	900,000	4,100,000

Estimated Payment Schedule

- Review and advise on customer generated sole source requests
- Establish extent of customer participation



SAMM C6.3.4

- Customer request must be based on objective needs
 - Faster delivery for urgent requirement
 - Specific nonstandard source
 - History with vendor
 - Standardization
 - Customer source selection
- Advise customer of contractors that:
 - Poor past performance
 - No prior experience at task
 - Ineligible for contracts
 - Represent high risks







FAR 6.3 Other Than Full & Open Competition

- Single Responsible Source
- Unusual & Compelling Urger
- Maintain Industrial Capability
- International Agreement
- Required By Law
- National Security
- Public Interest



LOA & Contract Relationship

SAMM C6.3.5

<u>Discussions</u> with the foreign purchaser must be undertaken during the development of the LOA ... to assure that the contracting community has all the data required to award a contract consistent with contracting regulations and the foreign d ntry desires.



Subpart 225.7303 - Pricing

- Use same principles as in pricing other defense contracts
- Recognize the reasonable & allocable cost of doing business with an international customer, even though costs might not be recognized in the same amounts in DoD only contracts
 - Selling expenses
 - Product support and post delivery service expense
 - Offset costs
 - Other: IR&D/B&P, etc.



- SAMM C6.3.3 The Case Manager and contracting officer work together to make sure the <u>contract and the LOA are</u> <u>consistent</u>.
- SAMM C9.9.3 Payment schedules updates are necessary to reflect revisions to delivery schedules, pricing updates, contract award dates, and contractor payment milestones.

Harmonize



- Separately identify FMS requirements in solicitations
 - Contract CLIN / SubCLIN Structure and ACRNS
- Ensure LOA terms / country unique requirements are incorporated into contract
- Comply with Defense Transportation Regulation, Part II requirements for packaging, labeling and documentation
 - Appendix E: Security Cooperation Shipments (34 pages)
 - Transportation plan required for classified; arms, ammo
 explosives; hazardous
- Require a DD 250 to accompany shipm
 - In addition to WAWF
 - Info needed for transportation and customs clearance

Colors of "FMS" Funds







Customer Cash

- Customer Source
- No Year Limits
- DFARS "Cost of International Business" Applies

Dept of State

Foreign Military Financing

- No Year Limits
- Excluded in
 DFARS Cost of
 International
 Business

Dept of Defense

- Appropriated to DoD
- Year Limits
- Normal DoDCost AllowabilityRules
- Pseudo-cases







Pseudo FMS = Building Partnership Capacity (BPC)

- PGI 225.7300 The FMS acquisition infrastructure is also used to execute cases funded with US appropriated funds under special authority to build partner capacity
- Budget authority for BPC/pseudo cases is executed from the FMS Trust Fund
- Lines of accounting look like no-year money (97 X 8242), BUT must be administered per the appropriation rules
- PGI 225.7301 For pseudo LOAs, ensure that the contract is consistent with the period of funds availability





United States of America Letter of Offer and Acceptance (LOA)

H2-P-LZZ

Bandaria, Sec 1206 PL 109-163/PL 111-242 (Non-FMS)

Based on funds provided and the written request from the (continued on page 2)

Pursuant to the Arms Export Control Act, the Government of the United States (USG) offers to sell to the Department of Defense the defense articles or defense services (which may include defense design and construction services) collectively referred to as "items," set forth herein, subject to the provisions, terms, and conditions in this LOA.

This LOA provides 7 Meter Rigid Inflatable Boats (RHIBs), 4.7 Meter Rigid Inflatable Boats and support.

Estimated Cost: \$6,000,000 Initial Deposit: \$6,000,000

Terms of Sale:

Cash with Acceptance 1206PL109-163 as amd/PL111-242 \$6,000,000

This offer expires on 5 September 2011. Unless a request for extension is made by the Purchaser and granted by the USG, the offer will terminate on the expiration date.

This LOA consists of page 1 through page 12.

The undersigned are authorized representatives of their Governments and hereby offer and accept, respectively, this LOA:

	1 Sep 2011		1 Sep 2011
US Signature	Date	Purchaser Signature	Date
GLEN C. ACKERMANN Director, OURCOM Division		(P.L. 109-163/P.L. 111-242 No Purchaser Signature Re	
Typed Name and Title	-	Typed Name and Title	
Navy International Programs Offic	ce		
Implementing Agency		Agency	
Implementing Agency			
DSCA Reviewed/Approved	1 Sep 20		

Pseudo - LOA

Note 3. CASE CLOSURE - SECTION 1206 OF P.L. 109-163, AS AMENDED, P.L. 111-242 PROGRAMS.

This case must be fully reconciled and closed by July 31, 2016.



Note 4. FUNDS, PURPOSE, AVAILABILITY AND AMOUNT - SECTION 1206 OF P.L. 109-163, AS AMENDED, P.L. 111-242 PROGRAMS.

The funds financing this Pseudo Letter of Offer and Acceptance (LOA) are expiring funds and are subject to all the requirements and restrictions under the heading of SECTION 1206 OF P.L. 109-163, AS AMENDED, P.L. 111-242. The funds provided are in support of authority to build the capacity of foreign military forces and carry the same time, purpose, and availability restrictions associated with fund source 9710100, DoD Operation and Maintenance (O+M) or other funds that may be available for use in FY 2011.

- a. Failure to obligate FY 2011 O+M funds during the period of availability ending on 30 September 2011 will render them unavailable for new obligations after that date.
- b. FY 2008 O+M funds must be obligated by September 30, 2011 and must be expended on or before July 31, 2016.
- c. Total funds available for expenditure against this Pseudo LOA are limited to the value of \$6,000,000.
- d. Amendments or Modifications to this Pseudo LOA are only authorized with DSCA written approval.



- Traditional FMS:
 - <u>Preferred</u>: Close contract permits final FMS closure
 - <u>Alternative</u>: For open contracts, provide an assessment of each respective FMS customer's remaining contractual liability
 - Permits interim case closure
- Pseudo / BPC FMS:
 - <u>Preferred</u>: Close entire contract
 - Alternative: For open contracts, ensured CLINs supporting pseudo FMS are physically delivered and funds disbursed (i.e., no ULOs) prior to funds expiration

FMS

Cas

Closed



CO in LOA Closure Phase

Accelerated
Case Closure
Procedures
ACCP

FMS Case File Interim Closed

FMS Trust Fund ANDA Case Case CCSA **\$\$\$**

CCSA Case Closure
Suspense Accoun

Contract Payments





- Foreign Disclosure NDP 1
- Security Requirements
- Transportation plans (heavy focus needed here because don't have U.S. infrastructure in place when items are delivered in country. (Delivering to Djibouti instead of Ft Hood, TX).
- Freight forwarders, Documentation, DD250's, WAWF, Title transfer
- Maintenance/Sustainment Life Cycle maintenance building "Partnership Capacity"
- Payment Instructions
- CLIN / Sub-CLIN structure



DFARS 225.7304

At contracting officer discretion, customer can participate in discussions with industry on:

- Technical Specifications
- Delivery Schedules
- Price/Performance Trade
- Special Warranty Provision
- Other Requirements Unique to EMS III

FMS Customer Participation

DSCA Policy Memo 09-60

We have customers who are interested in actively participating in FMS acquisitions, but believe they are being summarily shut out of the process. I request that you encourage each of your acquisition communities to take up the spirit of DFARS 225.7304 and actively seek opportunities for customer participation in DoD acquisitions for FMS. Jeffrey A. Wieringa

Vice Admiral, USN

DSCA Director

FMS Customer Participation

OUSD AT&L DPAP Memo, 21 July 2011

The FMS program is... an instrument of US foreign policy... to deter and defend against aggression, facilitate common defense and strengthen the security of the US.

Many FMS customers have voiced interest in actively participating in FMS acquisitions. I ask that you seek opportunities to enhance FMS customer involvement in your acquisition programs in order to <u>foster better</u> <u>understanding</u>, <u>strengthen alliances</u>, <u>provide transparency</u>, <u>and build customer confidence and teamwork</u>.

Richard Ginman Director - DPAP



- Contracting for FMS is more than just than just buying stuff
- FMS leverages DoD's acquisition infrastructure to:
 - Promote strategic relationships
 - Achieve national security (DoD) and foreign policy (DoS) objectives
 - Provide enabling capabilities to partners for the common defense
- FMS value does not begin at physical delivery, it includes the procurement process itself
- Contracting Officers are essential enablers to successful FMS program development, execution and closure



It is not just the destination (i.e., physical delivery), but also the journey that matters.







Jeffrey Grafton, Defense Institute of Security Assistance Management (DISAM)

(937) 255-0397 or jeffrey.grafton@disam.dsca.mil

Dave Lewis, Defense Acquisition University, Midwest Region, DAUMW-CI

(937) 781-1066 or david.lewis@dau.mil

Michele Kennedy, Defense Security Cooperation Agency, DSCA DBO-FPA

(703) 602-0773 or michele.kennedy@dsca.mil

Jeff Grover, OSD-AT&L (DPAP/CPIC) (703) 697-9352 or jeffrey.grover@osd.mil



THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS???